# LETHBRIDGE PREGNANCY CARE CENTRE Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2019



Tax Advisors and Chartered Professional Accountants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Lethbridge Pregnancy Care Centre

#### Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lethbridge Pregnancy Care Centre (the Organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2019, and the statements of revenues and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Organization derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Organization. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to fundraising revenue, excess of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the year ended December 31, 2019, current assets and net assets as at December 31, 2019. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation of scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lethbridge Pregnancy Care Centre (continued)

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Lethbridge, Alberta May 11, 2020 Velution LLP
Chartered Professional Accountants



# Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019

		2019	2018
ASSETS			
Current Cash Accounts receivable Inventory (Note 3) Goods and services tax recoverable Prepaid expenses Deposits Restricted cash (Note 4)	\$	805,910 8,225 5,610 534 8,482 11,759 6,990	\$ 702,255 8,506 5,676 902 4,378 1,759
Capital assets (Note 5)		847,510 47,902	723,476 58,660
Intangible assets (Note 6)	_	6,821	-
	\$	902,233	\$ 782,136
Current Accounts payable	\$	10,725	\$ 8,465
Restricted contributions (Note 4)		6,990	
		17,715	8,465
Lease Commitments (Note 7)			
Net Assets Share capital (Note 8) Unrestricted fund Internally restricted fund	  \$	6 836,610 47,902 884,518 902,233	\$ 6 715,006 58,659 773,671 782,136

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Director

Director



# Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2019	2018
REVENUES			
Donations	\$	262,732	\$ 260,794
Gala donations	· ·	129,710	128,100
Baby bottle campaign		30,251	26,096
Spring event		27,697	-
Fall event		16,160	11,467
Interest and other income		6,607	9,380
Community Foundation (CFLSA) grant		-	 2,500
		473,157	438,337
EXPENDITURES			
Salaries and benefits		176,871	186,544
Fundraising costs		43,061	40,478
Client marketing		33,360	34,123
Occupancy costs		33,206	32,885
Staff and volunteer development		20,807	16,606
Office		15,349	20,095
Professional fees		10,200	5,742
Building investigation costs		10,153	-
GST expense		4,203	3,953
Repairs and maintenance		402	. =
Bank charges		86	83
Amortization		14,612	13,320
		362,310	 353,829
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	110,847	\$ 84,508

# LETHBRIDGE PREGNANCY CARE CENTRE Statement of Changes in Net Assets

# Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Ur	nrestricted Fund	Internally Restricted Fund	2019	2018
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR Excess(deficiency) of revenues over	\$	715,006	\$ 58,659	\$ 773,665 \$	689,157
expenditures Interfund transfers (Note 9)		125,459 (3,855)	(14,612) 3,855	110,847 -	84,508 -
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	836,610	\$ 47,902	\$ 884,512 \$	773,665



# Statement of Cash Flow

# Year Ended December 31, 2019

	20	19	2018	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Excess of revenues over expenditures Item not affecting cash:	\$ 1	10,847	\$ 84,5	508
Amortization of capital assets	-	14,612	13,3	320
	1	25,459	97,8	828
Changes in non-cash working capital:    Accounts receivable    Inventory    Goods and services tax recoverable    Prepaid expenses    Deposits    Accounts payable    Restricted cash    Restricted contributions		281 66 368 (4,104) 10,000) 2,261 (6,990) 6,990	(5,6 ,	209) 676) 97 551 066
	(	11,128)	(10,1	<u>171)</u>
Cash flow from operating activities	1	14,331	87,6	357
INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of capital assets  Purchase of intangible assets		(3,855) (6,821)	(7,1	157)
Cash flow used by investing activities	(	10,676)	(7,1	<u>157)</u>
INCREASE IN CASH FLOW	10	03,655	80,5	500
Cash - beginning of year	70	02,255	621,7	<u>755</u>
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$ 80	05,910	\$ 702,2	<u> 255</u>

# Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### 1. Purpose of the organization

Lethbridge Pregnancy Care Centre (the "organization") is a not-for-profit organization, incorporated with share capital under the Alberta Companies Act. The organization's principal operations are to provide support, guidance and practical help and assistance to women in distress over unexpected pregnancy or other pregnancy related concerns. As the organization is a registered charity it is exempt from income tax under paragraph 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act.

# 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash and cash equivalents. Cash includes cash on deposit at a financial institution. Cash equivalents include guaranteed investment certificates and are measured at cost.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Capital assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization. Capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates and methods:

Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	20%	declining balance method declining balance method
Ecaconola improvements	10 years	straight-line method

The organization regularly reviews its capital assets to eliminate obsolete items.

Capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Intangible assets

The organization's website is being amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of five years.

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## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### Revenue recognition

Lethbridge Pregnancy Care Centre follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in net assets.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue as it is accrued.

Ticket sales and seminar fees are recognized as revenue when the events are held.

#### Contributed goods and services

Volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year and numerous new and used goods are contributed to the organization throughout the year. Because of the time required and difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements. When market value can be reasonably attained for goods contributed a gift in kind receipt will be issued.

#### Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

#### Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Amortization is based on the estimated useful life of property and equipment. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### 3. Inventory

Inventory consists of fundraising materials for resale. During the year, \$66 in costs related to inventory was expensed.

#### 4. Restricted cash and contributions

During the year, funds raised from the capital campaign were deferred and internally restricted for spending on capital projects as the building purchase was not completed.



# Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

5.	Capital assets							
		 Cost	cumulated ortization	2019 Net book value		Net book Net bo		2018 Net book value
	Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	\$ 14,403 19,056 104,772	\$ 10,064 13,376 66,889	\$	4,339 5,680 37,883	\$	2,896 7,100 48,664	

138,231 \$

90,329 \$

47,902 \$

58,660

6. Intangible assets			
	2019		2018
Website Accumulated amortization	\$ 6,82	1 \$	-
	\$ 6,82	1 \$	_

The organization operates a website at www.lethbridgepregcentre.com which is in the process of being redesigned and upgraded as at December 31, 2019. The website costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years, no amortization was recorded this year.

#### 7. Lease commitments

The organization has entered into a new three year lease as a result of expanding the occupied area in their current location. Under the terms of the lease, the organization is responsible for payment of certain triple net costs. The lease was renegotiated and signed subsequent to the year end and became effective March 1, 2020.

2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 29,588 35,505 35,505 5,917
	\$ 106 515

#### 8. Share capital

Authorized:

1,000 Common voting shares, par value \$1 per share

			20	19	 2018
Issued:	6	Common voting shares	<u>\$</u>	6	\$ 6

#### 9. Interfund transfers

The transfers between the Unrestricted Fund and the Restricted Fund were approved by the Board of Directors to cover capital asset additions.

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### 10. Related party transactions

During the year the organization received donations and sponsorships of \$14,510 (\$27,532 - 2018) from staff and members of its board of directors as well as from companies controlled by members of its board of directors.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and are measured at their carrying amounts.

#### 11. Subsequent events

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization which led to government imposed restrictions on business activities in Alberta. The duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and on this organization is not known and cannot be estimated at this time. These impacts could include a temporary decline in fundraising activities and services offered to the community in the 2020 fiscal year.